LE #2 Vocabulary (Citizens and U.S. Government)

Below each definition, find a picture or write a sentence to represent each vocabulary word.

PRACTICE ON QUIZLET!

1. Preamble: The first paragraph of the United States Constitution. It outlines the six major goals of the document and states that "we the people" wrote them.

Picture/Example Sentence:

2. Constitution: A document written to ensure the protection of our rights and freedoms as American citizens.

Picture/Example Sentence:

3. Amend: To make a formal change or fix to a document.

Picture/Example Sentence:

4. Ratification: Officially approving something; usually by vote.

Picture/Example Sentence:

5. Checks and Balances: The process of each government branch watching each other to balance the power in our government.

Picture/Example Sentence:

6. <u>Legislative Branch</u>: The Legislative Branch is in charge of making our country's laws. Made up of two groups; the House of Representatives and the Senate.

Picture/Example Sentence:

7. <u>Executive Branch</u>: The Executive Branch is in charge of enforcing (making sure people listen to) our country's laws. The President is in charge of the Executive Branch.

Picture/Example Sentence:

8. <u>Judicial Branch</u>: The Judicial Branch is in charge of interpreting (explaining) our country's laws.

Picture/Example Sentence:

9. <u>Impeach</u>: To formally accuse an official in the United States government of doing something illegal or that abuses the power of their position.

Picture/Example Sentence:

10. Democracy: Government run by common people who either rule directly or elect officials to rule.

Picture/Example Sentence:

11. Ex Post Facto: Literally means "after the fact", this limit on Congress states that you cannot be punished for something that wasn't illegal when you did it.

Picture/Example Sentence:

12. <u>Habeas Corpus</u>: Literally means "you shall have the body", this limit on Congress states that someone has the right to be seen in court by a judge when accused of a crime. Picture/Example Sentence:

13. <u>Separation of Powers</u>: Splitting government power into three branches (Legislative, Executive, Judicial) in order to ensure that no one person or group has too much power.

Picture/Example Sentence:

14. Bill: An idea for a law.

Picture/Example Sentence:

15. <u>Veto</u>: To reject a decision or proposal made by another government group. Picture/Example Sentence:

16. <u>Cabinet</u>: The group of 15 executives appointed by the President to help advise them on different aspects of the United States Government.

Picture/Example Sentence:

- **17.** <u>Appeal</u>: Asking a higher level court for a previous court's decision to be reversed. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>:
- **18.** <u>Delegate</u>: A representative who is usually elected to their position. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>:
 - 19. Establish: To permanently set something up.

Picture/Example Sentence:

20. <u>Federal</u>: The central (main) U.S. government that has authority over all states. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>:

- **21. Government:** An organization that decide on policy, laws, and actions of a (country, state, etc.) *Picture/Example Sentence:*
- **22.** <u>Citizen</u>: A legal member of a state, country, etc. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>:
- **23.** <u>Verdict</u>: A court's decision or judgement. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>:
- **24.** <u>Counter Argument Counterclaim</u>: A claim made opposing (against) a previous claim. <u>Picture/Example Sentence</u>: