Use the Tuva data table to answer the following questions:

Analyzing the Data:

- 1. What is 1 thing that you notice when you look at all the data?
- 2. What planet is the largest? (Biggest radius)
- 3. What planet is the smallest (smallest radius)
- 4. Which planet has the closest radius to Earth and is also called Earth's twin because of this?
- 5. What do you notice when you compare the **radius** of the gas giants to the terrestrial planets?
- 6. Do the terrestrial or gas giant planets rotate on their axis faster? (Day)
- 7. Why do you think these planets rotate faster?
- 8. How many planets rotate faster than Earth (Day)
- 9. Do the terrestrial or gas giants planets revolve around the Sun faster? (Year)
- 10. Why do you think these planets revolve faster?
- 11. How many planets revolve faster than Earth? (Year)
- 12. What is the relationship between radius and mass? As radius increase what happens to the mass?
- 13. Is this true for ALL planets? If not, what 2 planets does NOT fit the pattern?
- 14. Which planet has the highest average temperature?
- 15. Why do you think that planet is the hottest even though it is NOT the closest planet to the Sun?
- 16. Why do you think all the gas giant planets are the coldest planets?